

High risk is defined as patients who meet at least one of the following criteria:

The following medical conditions or other factors may place adults and pediatric patients (age 12-17 years and weighing at least 40 kg) at higher risk for progression to severe COVID-19:

- **Older age (for example, age ≥ 65 years of age)**
- **Obesity or being overweight (for example, BMI > 25 kg/m² or if age 12-17, have BMI ≥ 85 th percentile for their age and gender-based on CDC growth charts, https://www.cdc.gov/growthcharts/clinical_charts.htm)**
- **Chronic kidney disease**
- **Diabetes**
- **Immunosuppressive disease or immunosuppressive treatment**
- **Cardiovascular disease (including congenital heart disease) or hypertension**
- **Chronic lung diseases (for example, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, asthma [moderate-to-severe], interstitial lung disease, cystic fibrosis, and pulmonary hypertension)**
- **Sickle cell disease**
- **Neurodevelopmental disorders (for example, cerebral palsy) or other conditions that confer medical complexity (for example, genetic or metabolic syndromes and severe congenital anomalies)**
- **Having a medical-related technological dependence (for example, tracheostomy, gastrostomy, or positive pressure ventilation (not related to COVID-19))**